



"Iraq's Youth Are The Future Of The Country And Its Fate Lies With Them"

Sayed Alhakim Meets With President Talabani



Sayed Alhakim met on Monday, October 03, 2011, with the President Of Iraq, Mr. Jalal Talabani. During the meeting the two reviewed the President of the Republic's most recent trip to the United Nations, and meetings conducted by His Excellency, as well as the most important developments in the Iraqi political arena. The two sides stressed the need for reunification and unity and to work as a team to overcome the problems faced by Iraq.

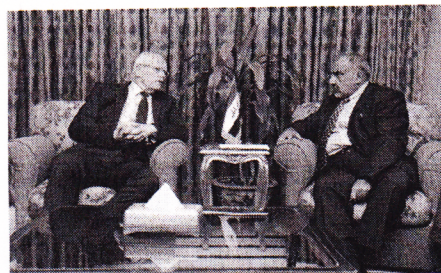
Sayed Alhakim Hosts Political-Cultural Forum

Sayed Alhakim hosted on Wednesday, September 28, 2011, the Political-Cultural forum. During his comments Sayed Alhakim stressed the need for respect of the Constitution as a reference for Iraqis in cases of differences of legal opinions between them. He then went about criticizing security breaches that have occurred in recent days targeting the holy city of Karbala by the double bombings that resulted in dozens of dead and wounded. He stressed on the need to review security plans and the development of intelligence services that prevents terrorists from implementation of their goals before they can commit these crimes. On the subject of the American military presence in Iraq, Sayed Alhakim recalled that today--the twenty-eighth of

September--is the International Day of Resistance to Occupation and Wars, where he emphasized the need for the withdrawal of U.S. combat troops from Iraq through the full implementation of the agreement on the withdrawal of troops in order to attain the complete independence of Iraq, without interference or domination of any state. Sayed Alhakim talked about the new school year and said that "eight million and four hundred thousand students went to school" saying that this number represents a quarter of Iraq's population and that is a message of life. Addressing the Ministry of Education and its personnel and its leadership Sayed Alhakim said these young people are the future and the hope of Iraq and its fate is linked to them. He said that reforming education means reforming the future generation. He called on the Iraqi Ministry of Education to find an appropriate atmosphere for the development of the educational reality and find advanced scientific means and pay attention to ways of teaching and developing plans and programs that help to promote educational performance in Iraq. He pointed to the reports issued by the Office of Financial Supervision in 2010, saying that these reports have caused a great shock to all honest people because of the figures of corruption and waste of public money, stressing that there is no reconstruction and no prosperity for Iraq with the existence of corruption and financial and administrative embezzlement of the Iraqi people's money of the Iraqi people has exceeded the 100 billion dollars in 2011 and \$111 billion for the year 2012 and that this issue would hurt the Iraqi people if they do not put in place and will undermine the confidence of the people of the project of the new Iraq. He also criticized the dominance of government banks as 89% of all deposits are done without providing banking services to the people even if these services are available. They are limited under the ...

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Mr. Mahdi Receives Ambassador Jeffrey



Former Vice President Adel Abdul Mahdi received on Thursday, September 22, 2011, the U.S. Ambassador, Mr. James and the commander of U.S. forces in Iraq, Gen. Lloyd Austin. Ambassador Jeffrey and General Austin reviewed during the meeting the arrangements for the scheduled U.S. withdrawal by end of the year 2011, and the future of relations between the two countries in the context of the strategic framework agreement. They also discussed the latest developments in the region and in particular the situation in the Kingdom of Bahrain.

Sayed Alhakim Receives Speaker Alnujafi

Sayed Alhakim received Wednesday, September 28, 2011, Mr. Osama Alnujafi, the Iraqi Speaker of the Council of Representatives. During the meeting they discussed the internal and regional situation and stressed on the need to work hard to calm the situation and the need for greater cooperation and solidarity among the political forces to achieve the status of national harmony that helps serve the citizens of Iraq better. Sayed Alhakim emphasized that there is a great need for Iraq to play its regional and desired roles and communicate with the surrounding countries and contribute to easing the frequency of the plurality of views and interpretations between these countries. He

votes of voters who were represented by those who withdrew deputies. He called on the UN to recognize the Palestinian State as this recognition is a natural right, wishing for Palestinians to see a free and liberated Palestine soon. He reminded the attendees of this event of the second-Aqsa intifada, which erupted on this day in 2000 that claimed the lives of 4100 martyrs, indicating that Palestine will remain the heartbeat of the Arab nation and he will remain supportive and in solidarity with the legitimate resistance and stressed once again that Palestinians will achieve victory as was referred by divine law.

S. Alhakim Attends Memorial Service Of Ayatollah Al-Sader



Sayed Alhakim said that the targeting of the Martyr Sayed Mohammed al-Sadr and his two sons was a heinous crime presenting another clear proof for the targeting of the previous regime, of not the Iraqi people, but the Islamic identity as well. This came during a memorial ceremony, in the occasion of the thirteenth year since the martyrdom of Ayatollah Mohammad Sadeq al-Sadr, which was held on Saturday, October 1, 2011, in Baghdad. He talked about the distinct role of the martyr al-Sadr in the scientific dimension and the social and political dimension of this personal dignity, in a sensitive time experienced a lot of challenges and twists. He also stressed that today we are in dire need of remembering the importance of unity and cohesion and solidarity and mutual assistance and become one team to face enormous challenges experienced by Iraq and in the region, because we are facing challenges in the cultural, intellectual, political levels, and at the level of Iraq, as well as the security side and the service that needs us to be united through one vision and one paths that puts its priorities in the public interest and the waiver of special interests.

Sayed Alhakim Receives Sheikh Of Yazidis



Sayed Alhakim called for closing ranks and the unification of souls and hearts in order to launch the project of new Iraq that provides a decent living for the Iraqi people, indicating that the strength of Iraq is represented in its sectarian, religious and national diversity.

This came when Sayed Alhakim received on Monday, October 03, 2011, a gathering of tribal leaders and dignitaries of the Yazidis sect in the Nineveh plains. He recalled the relationship between Yazidis and Muslims since the visit of the Emir of the Yazidi sect to Najaf in 1967 and his meeting with Imam Mushin Alhakim. He said that the solution to the Iraq problem is to put the right man in the right place, reminding that the error in the experiment of democracy that has aged to four years and that Iraqi voter is able to renew his vote for the official who has served him best or to elect other people that can provide services to the people.

He referred to previous budgets and the 2012 budget which will be \$111 billion. This was announced by the Iraqi government and is considered to be the largest in the Arab world calling for spending this amount of money in areas that serve the interests of the Iraqi people. The elders of the Yazidi sect in the plains of Mosul expressed their great gratitude to Sayed Alhakim, stressing the pivotal role he played in the convergence of views among all Iraqis and his calls for the unity of Iraq.

Sayed Alhakim Issues Statement

*In the name of Allah, the Beneficent,
the Merciful*

The hand of crime and terrorism in Afghanistan extended to assassinate one



of the eminent personalities who have struggled for many years for the liberation of Afghanistan, the martyr Sheikh Burhanuddin Rabbani, the former Afghan President. The deceased has exercised for decades important roles in achieving the unity of the Afghan people and bringing peace to these lands.

Up to the last days of his life he was making efforts for the convergence of views between the Afghan factions, and hoping to reach the national unity. The absence of such men is a great loss not only for the Afghan people, but for the Muslim world because he was distinguished by his loyalty, moderation and centrism.

As we condemn this heinous crime, we offer our condolences to the Afghan people in general and the family of the bereaved in particular. We ask Almighty God to grant the deceased mercy, and that he inspires his family with patience and solace.

Ammar Alhakim
President of ISCI
September 25, 2011

Sayed Alhakim Receives Muthanna Governor



Sayed Alhakim received on Thursday, September 29, 2011, Mr. Ibrahim Almayali, the Governor of Muthanna province. During the meeting, they reviewed the most important affairs of the province, and the great opportunities that can be invested to promote the improvements of services, spending priorities and budgets.

what is happening with Gaddafi, like what happened with Saddam Hussein, wishing stability of Libya and Yemen and Sudan and to all the Arab countries. He expressed his hope that scheduling a date for holding national elections in Egypt, would remove the differences between the political forces and the military junta. He also expressed his happiness for the aspirations in Tunisia, which is moving toward the emergence of the first elected government after the change witnessed in the Arab region. He thanked the Government of Algeria to cancel \$400 million of Iraq's debt to Algeria. He also expressed his deep sorrow for the targeting of former Afghan President Burhanuddin Rabbani.

Mr. Mahdi Congratulates Dr. Alwan



Mr. Adel Abdul Mahdi congratulated Dr. Aladdin Alwan, Iraq's candidate, on the occasion of selecting him as the representative of the Middle East in the World Health Organization.

The following is the text of the congratulatory telegram:

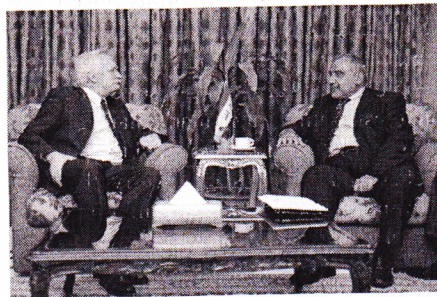
Dr. Aladdin Alwan,
Greetings,

We have received with pleasure the news on your election as the representative of the Middle East in the World Health Organization, and are hoping that your assumption of this position will be an provide for an elevation of the preeminence of Iraq in international forums. Your selection in a fair competition on that post with representatives from several countries

shows the great confidence accorded by the International Organization for Iraqi energies, expertise and competencies in the Iraqi health and scientific sectors and that your election represents a victory for Iraq as a whole. May God help you toward further success and progress.

Adel Abdel Mahdi
October 3, 2011

Mr. Mahdi Receives Turkish Ambassador



Former Vice President Adel Abdul Mahdi received on Thursday, September 22, 2011, Turkey's ambassador to Iraq, Mr. Murad Aozgelk. During the meeting, they discussed the general situation in Iraq and the region and issues related to the consolidation of cooperation of relations between Turkey and Iraq. Mr. Mahdi stressed that Iraq and Turkey, as neighbors, can play a significant role in laying the foundations of security and stability in the region for their people to achieve progress and development and prosperity in all areas. The Turkish Ambassador expressed Turkey's keenness to consolidate and strengthen its relationship with Iraq, especially in the economic and investment fields.

Mr. Mahdi Receives French Ambassador



Former Vice President Adel Abdul Mahdi

received on Tuesday, September 27, 2011, the Ambassador of France to Iraq, Mr. Denny Gower. During the meeting, they reviewed the general situation in Iraq and the region, particularly developments in both Syria and Bahrain, in addition to bilateral relations between the two countries.

Mr. Mahdi Meets With Allawi And Alhashimi



After his return from traveling outside of Iraq, Mr. Adel Abdul Mahdi met on Tuesday, September 27, 2011, with the Vice President of Iraq Tareq Alhashimi. The two sides discussed the general situations in the country. Mr. Mahdi also met with former Prime Minister and head of Aliraqiah list Dr. Iyad Allawi, where they exchanged views on current developments in the country.

Mr. Mahdi Receives Head Of INAA Of Bahrain



Former Vice President Adel Abdul Mahdi received on Tuesday, September 20, 2011, the President of the Islamic National Accord Association of Bahrain Sheikh Ali Salman and his accompanying delegation. During the meeting they discussed the situation in Bahrain and the region where they emphasized on the need to respect the will of the people and achieve their legitimate demands through dialogue, peaceful means and democratic



also expressed his support for the national role played by Mr. Alnujafi, who as President of the Council of Representatives sees the convergence of views on national and regional level through constructive dialogues.

The Speaker stressed that the Iraqi situation is in need of more work in a manner that cements the national front and to deal with crises in the region from a situation of power and unity in the best interests of Iraq. He noted the importance of the initiatives Sayed Alhakim in the convergence of national parties and his calls to bring them together at one round table to discuss contentious issues and reaching out to participants to strengthen the internal situation.

S. Alhakim Attends General Conference Of Faily Kurds

Sayed Alhakim called for the formation of a competent body entrusted with following up the decision of the Council of Representatives, which considered the crimes committed by the former regime against the Faily Kurds, as a genocide, and follow-up with their legislative and government entitlements, service and the compensation of those affected by these crimes. This came in a speech delivered by Sayed Alhakim on Saturday, October 1, 2011, at the General Conference of the Faily Kurds, which was held at the University of Baghdad. He considered the resolution passed by the Council of Representatives in early last month of August, a victory for Faily In recognition of these grievances and as a political and national right of this segment of the Iraqi people, describing Faily Kurds, as a basic component of Iraq and no one can question their Iraqi identity, or their patriotism, presenting an overview of persecution, marginalization and grievances suffered by this segment, which was not exposed by any of the other



components of Iraq. He Recalled words of the tyrant Saddam against the Faily Kurds and his call to root out them and kill the people of this component of Iraq. He also referred to many of the repressive practices suffered by the Faily Kurds by Saddam's regime, where he mentioned the forced displacement, imprisonment and deprivation of their basic rights and deporting them through relinquishing their Iraqi citizenship, and speedy implementation of death sentences away from just judiciary, confiscation of their property, to the crime of divorce of Kurds women under duress, stating that these pains and tribulations increase their resolve and determination, sacrifice and a commitment to the right approach to the religious authority, and commitment to the path set by the Kurds themselves where they did not depart from it throughout these decades .He expressed his sorrow that this segment is not represented today, after nine years of the new Iraq equitable representation in appointments in the positions up to the outposts in the government and parliament, ministers and so on, hoping to change this reality and fairness of this oppressed component.

Sayed Alhakim Hosts Political-Cultural Forum

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... bureaucratic administrative complex, leaving a negative impact on the banking sector in Iraq, and demanded that officials develop monetary policy that is correct and provide opportunities for advancement of the banking sector so that Iraq shift from a unilateral petroleum-based economy to a diverse economy.

On the issue of water rights he warned of the loss of 45% of Iraq's share of water over the next four years under the procedures of other States in their deals with Iraq, by setting up projects and the construction of dams. He criticized the absence of joint



agreements between Iraq and the countries of the basin water, stressing that we're not the only country that participates with other countries water rights and that there are 300 international conventions regulating the rights of countries. Sayed Alhakim also called for the need to take advantage of these agreements, addressing the Iraqi government to put this subject, which controls the fate and life and cultivation of Iraqis on the top of its priorities. In the same context, he spoke about the reports of the Ministry of Planning, which says that 21% of the urban population has no access to safe drinking water and 40% of the rural population also wondered about what the case will be if Iraq loses half of its share of water after four years? He brought up the Union of the Iraqi Football and the Ministry of Youth and the responsibility to persuade FIFA to remove the boycott that means that Iraq must hold its games outside of Iraq after the technical problem that occurred in the game between Iraq and Jordan.



On a different subject Sayed Alhakim considered that holding of Supplementary elections for the Parliament of Bahrain and the compensation retreating Bahraini MPs is a unsuccessful action that will contribute to deepening the gap between the people of Bahrain and the authorities, especially since these procedures ignored 60% of the

Mr. Almayali reviewed the problematic of powers between local governments and ministries of the government, stressing the need to grant full powers to the provinces. The Governor expressed optimism about the attempts to amend the law of the provinces, saying that the restoration of the powers of the provinces is an essential step towards developing the capacity of local government and the implementation of projects and assigned plans.

Sayed Alhakim Hosts Political-Cultural Forum



Sayed Alhakim hosted on Wednesday, September 21, 2011, the political-cultural forum. Sayed Alhakim stressed on the necessity of taking into account the civil orientation of the new Iraqi state when initiating the process of arming the Iraqi army. He noted the need for a wide and comprehensive vision in the arming process because this process should not become a source of concern for the Iraqi people and the countries of the region. By calling for the need to get the arms from different sources Iraq will not fall under an enormous amount of pressure in the decision-making process, noting that the multiplicity of origins in the process of arms control will maintain the sovereignty and political independence of the decision process of Iraq's government. Sayed Alhakim expressed his sorrow for the repercussions of the Nukhayb incident that took on a sectarian dimension, stressing that the sectarian conflict is over and that progress in the direction of demolishing sectarianism is irreversible, and the Islamic Supreme Council will not allow for its return. He stressed that the position of ISCI concerning the incident in Nukhayb is a firm position and that hearts will not cool until the hearts of mothers and wives of the victims calm down following the arrest of the perpetrators and the application of justice through the appropriate institutions.

Sayed Alhakim expressed his opposition towards the way in which Nukhayb incident has been dealt with and that this shows off a process that irritates people. It would be advisable for Iraq's political leaders to follow a wise, calm and legal route to solve these matters. He called on political leaders to put an end to the escalation of the media mudslinging and accusations between parties, indicating that no one has the resolution of Iraq's problems alone and that no one entity is entitled to own Iraq. Sayed Alhakim warned that continued bickering will lead to frustration within the citizenry and risk further losing the confidence of the Iraqi people. Noting that patience has its limits and those responsible people are aware of the seriousness of underestimating and manipulating facts. He said that the escalation and the political bickering are things that worry the Iraqi citizens and gives them the impression that politicians are more concerned with their personal issues rather than working to solve the many problems facing the Iraqi people. Especially after people began feeling the direct effects of this bickering and the lag in the provision of vital services. This conflict though is not limited between the political blocs, and confirms that the state of tension, which are experienced by Iraqi citizens does require radical solutions. Not insults and exaggerations that are playing on the sectarian card. Sayed Alhakim renewed his support for Maliki's government in every step that it takes that serves the Iraqi citizen and puts an end to the decline in the security situation and reinforces national unity between the sons and the daughters of the Iraqi people. He noted that the support here is the support for the reforms, and steps that address the concern of the citizens. He also stressed to direct constructive criticism and express conservatives position on each step that does not provide service for Iraq's people. He praised the role of the security forces in protecting the lives of people, calling to build an integrated intelligence system that depends on the intelligence effort to dismantle terrorist gangs and prevent crime before it occurs. He indicated that the current situation requires the need to double efforts and determine the security plans and review them and that the security agencies take the initiative by taking immediate actions and be proactive instead of reactive. Sayed Alhakim also renewed



his call to name the efficient people for the security ministries. Sayed Alhakim congratulated the whole world and peace-loving people on the anniversary of the World Day of Peace, appealing to people to take the approach of peace, and pay attention to the wars and destruction that do not result in good things, and that the best way forward is to follow through with dialogues and peaceful means to settle disputes. He called on the citizen's bloc in the Council of Representatives to enact legislation that guarantees the rights of widows in Iraq, stressing that the stability of society and its development and cohesion comes from the strength of women because women represent half of the society and raise the other half. He praised the efforts of the citizen's bloc in the Council of Representatives for its ongoing work with other parliamentary blocs to approve a grant for students with limited incomes by 100 thousand for Bachelor students and 150 thousand for the Masters, indicating that the amount in its simplicity will help the students, calling on the bloc to step up its efforts to pass laws that serve the citizens, and to move away from conflict and political harassment. He considered the approval of the Iraqi parliament that the regime's crimes against the Faili Kurds as crimes of genocide is a good step, recalling that he called repeatedly during the Weekly Cultural Forums that the crimes suffered by the Faili Kurds must be considered genocide because they were oppressed by the system twice, first for their culture and the second because of their sect. He considered the reforms issued by the Government of Algeria and the Syrian positive steps where reforms can achieve those rights desired by the peoples of those countries. He pointed out that the situation in Libya is making steady steps, and that

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mechanisms. Sheikh Ali Salman reviewed the current situation in Bahrain and the results of the Bahraini dialogues and efforts by his organization and popular forces in Bahrain to find the necessary solutions to the problems experienced by the country according to the aspirations of the Bahraini people and to ensure the achievement of their just demands.

Sheikh. Hamoudi Speech At Asian Parliaments Conference



*In the name of Allah, the Beneficent,
the Merciful*

We are experiencing in Iraq a new legislative experiment, and a new parliamentary system, where we seek to strengthen the role of the people in the management of power and wealth distribution. We have overcome in the past years some of the most important challenges and achieved the most basic issues as represented by the election of Constituent Assembly which wrote the Constitution and voted on it. The election of the Council of Representatives in accordance with the Constitution, the building of the pillars of state, power and enhance its prestige, build its security forces and enhance the value of the Iraqi dinar and the development budget of Finance, which multiplied by 3 where it began with \$40 billion and will be up to \$120 billion to cover all the provinces according to the rate of population in order to compensate these provinces for time lost during the reign of tyranny and dictatorship. We set out the law of "investment" through which we welcome all capital to help build Iraq. And also in order to develop the oil industry, we have conducted three rounds of licensing in this area. We have passed the challenge of terrorism and

infidel groups, and we managed to prevent sectarian strife and we are moving today to promote national unity and achieve full sovereignty and independence through the exit of foreign combat troops at the end of this year, and put an end to any presence of foreign military bases in Iraq.

We call on Asian countries to help Iraq to recover from the consequences Chapter VII and help it to pay off its debt. Iraq today takes a positive role in promoting stability in the region through ending attacks and abuses at Iraq's borders, and the prosecution of terrorist groups hostile to Iraq's neighboring countries through a mutual understanding with all neighboring countries in order to solve these difficult problems.

Ladies and Gentlemen,

In regard the spring Arab, we in the Iraqi parliament are with the political reform process and that people should participate in governance through the ballot box and establish a stable, just and successful governance, and we condemn the use of violence in the face of the public.

We keep our commitment to keeping the country unified and with non- foreign intervention, and the adoption of dialogue and openness to the nation and the political forces to reach these goals, and we believe that Iraq through its leading role can achieve these matters. In regard the issue of Palestine we are with the will of the Palestinian people to establish a fully sovereign state with its capital "al-Quds" Jerusalem.

His Excellency the President and Gentlemen,

Parliaments represent the linchpin in the formulation of domestic and foreign policies and we believe that the strengthening of parliamentary diplomacy between the countries of Asia and the exchange of experiences and legislation can enhance the experience of democracy on one hand, contribute to rapprochement between the peoples of Asia on the other hand. Also, the activation of the foreign affairs committees and commissions of the friendship between the Asian countries, and activation of the Asian conference,

through working papers, and visits can foster closer ties and cooperation between the parliaments and peoples of Asia. Asian countries proved its distinct economic features and the future of Asia is promising, and this calls for preserving privacy, culture and spirituality of the peoples of Asia, which is characterized by diversity, tolerance and respect for others.

The strengthening of stability, understanding and cooperation in Asia calls for the transition from cooperation between the parliaments of these countries into cooperation and understanding between the peoples of Asia, and here we stress the importance of attitudes and media statements that contribute to strengthening ties between the cultures of peoples and not to provoke them by insulting symbols or holy places or values. Here, we call on the parliaments of Asia to condemn attempts to insult the Quran and the apostles and prophets and holy places and exciting trends and religious strife, sectarian, sectarianism, by some authorities. And activate the process of coexistence and convergence of religions, sects and ethnic groups, both between countries and peoples, or within a country. And to encourage coexistence among religions, cultural exchange and scientific cooperation between the countries of Asia. There should be a transfer of the principles of cooperation and friendship, to the practical reality through the formation of standing committees to follow up the implementation of these principles and activate them. In conclusion, we renew our thanks and our respect for the great people of Indonesia and their parliament and their illustrious and esteemed local government for this beautiful city of Solo and for their gracious hospitality and love. Here, I invest this positive atmosphere among us to call upon our brothers in Bahrain to expedite the release of the Iraqi Football Player, Dhulfaqr, so that his release will be a good fruit for this meeting and the message of love to the hearts of Iraqis.

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